

Know more. Grow more.

The Blaster 1000 is a towed implement that measures soil nutrients directly in the field, at up to 6 mph, and hands the reading to your agronomist on the spot. It feeds the variable-rate phosphorus, potassium and lime prescriptions your operation already writes.

0.15 ac RESOLUTION An 80-foot grid, 16x finer than 2.5-acre sampling.	20 / sec DIRECT READING About 100 readings averaged over every 80 feet.	Minutes TURNAROUND Results in the field, not days later from a lab.	4x LESS LABOR Faster than a manual crew, with no cores to pull.	High accuracy 20+ NUTRIENTS As close to lab values as two labs are to each other for P, K, pH, SOM, CEC, micros
---	---	---	---	---

CASE STUDY: THE IMPACT OF HIGHER RESOLUTION, MEASURING POTASSIUM AT TWO GRID SIZES

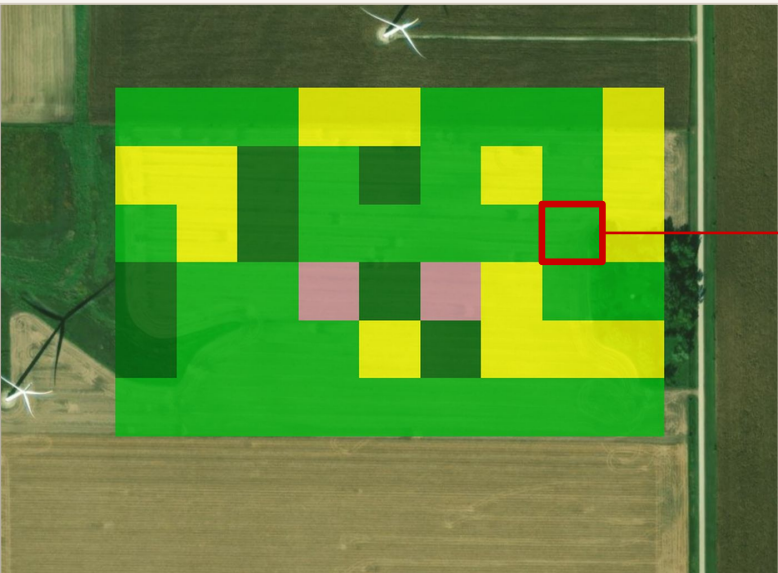
The average is the same. The prescription is not.

Two measurements of the same field, at 2.5-acre and 0.15-acre resolution, recommend the exact same average potassium rate. Where that potassium needs to go is different.

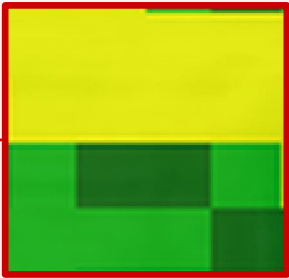
2.5-ACRE GRID

Conventional soil sampling

One composite sample per 2.5 acres, a 330-foot square



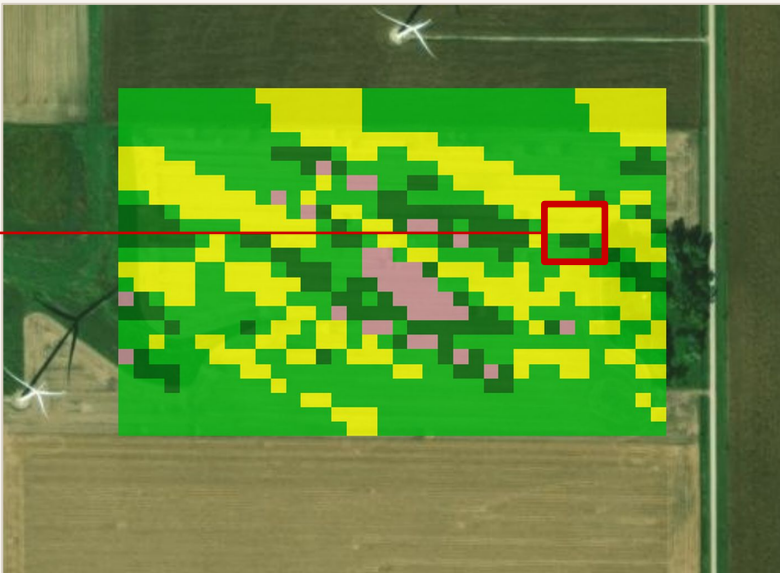
SAME CELL, ENLARGED



0.15-ACRE GRID

TerraBlaster measurement

One reading per 0.15 acres, an 80-foot square



POTASSIUM LEVEL ■ Very Low ■ Low ■ Optimal ■ High ■ Very High

About 60% of the field gets the same fertilizer applied either way. But at 2.5-acre measurement, 40% of the field is mis-prescribed, with 20% receiving more fertilizer than it needs and 20% not receiving enough.

The center square is an example cell enlarged. One 2.5-acre reading of “Optimal” is 50% Low, 31% Optimal and 19% High.

SAME TOTAL APPLIED 118 lbs/ac Both prescriptions apply the same total potassium. Only the placement changes.	MIS-PREScribed AREA 40% 20% of the field gets more potassium than it needs, 20% gets less.	ESTIMATED VALUE +\$10/ac/yr \$10 increased yield from K placement; \$35 for N/ P/ K/ Lime combined + \$10 savings from soil lab and labor
--	--	---

Each map cell shows the measured value for that grid cell, a 2.5-acre composite sample or a direct 0.15-acre TerraBlaster reading, not an interpolated surface. Colors are soil test potassium in ppm; lbs/acre figures are the resulting prescription using standard Iowa State University recommendations. Yield impact is estimated from published agronomic literature on nutrient response, not a measured strip trial on this field, and will vary with weather, starting fertility and crop price (assumption here \$5 corn and \$12 soybeans per bushel).